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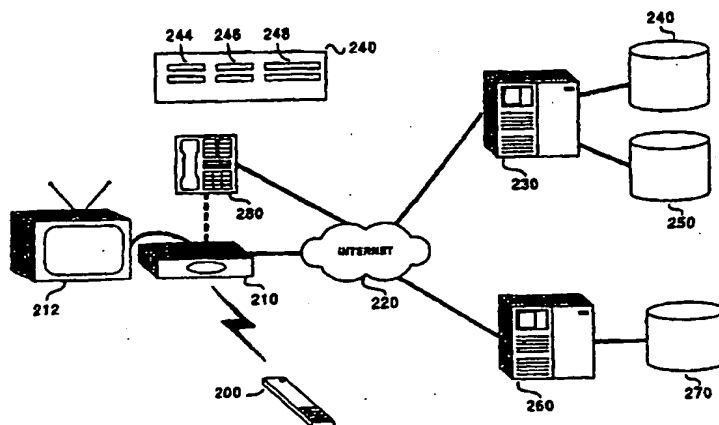
(57) Abstract: The present invention addresses the needs f television (212) Internet users to interface with the Internet (220) by providing appropriate interfacing methods, compositions and articles of manufacture. One aspect of the present invention is a word code that includes a series of numerical digits that relates t a word or portion f a word. Another aspect of the present inventi n is a method of making a word code that includes identifying a word r portion of a word code. Another aspect of the present invention is a method of searching a database (240) that includes providing a database or word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code and comparing the query to the database. Another aspect of the present invention is a method of entering alphanumeric text into a data processing unit, including providing a keypad of the present invention and entering a number into the data processing unit using the keypad.

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

METHODS AND ARTICLES OF MANUFACTURE FOR INTERFACING, ADVERTISING AND NAVIGATING WITH INTERNET TELEVISION

This application claims the benefit of priority to U.S. Serial Number 09/565,990 filed

5   May 6, 2000, U.S. Serial Number 09/456,632 filed December 8, 1999 and U.S. Serial Number

09/354,979 filed July 16, 1999, each of which is incorporated herein by reference.

Technical Field

The present invention relates to the field of Internet television and methods and articles

10   of manufacture that efficiently classify and search locations for use with Internet television

hardware and software.

Background

Internet users have traditionally used computers to interface with the Internet. Recently,

15   WebTV and other service providers have allowed Internet access that allows a user to interface

with the Internet using a television screen, set-top device and remote control rather than a

computer, monitor and keyboard and/or mouse. Many Word Wide Web (WWW) locations and

methods are not well suited for use with television Internet interface, which results in poor

quality Internet interfacing. The present invention provides various methods, compositions and

20   articles of manufacture that are particularly useful for television Internet interfacing.

Brief Description of the Figures

FIG. 1A depicts a preferred keypad of the present invention in top, front, rear, right and

left views.

25   FIG. 1B depicts a back and perspective view of the keypad of **FIG. 1A**, where the

perspective view does not depict the letters, numbers and symbols set forth in the top view of

FIG. 1A, but these letters, numbers and symbols are intended.

FIG. 1C depicts an alternative top view of a keypad of **FIG. 1A**.

FIG. 1D depicts an alternative top view of a keypad of **FIG. 1A**.

30   FIG. 1E depicts an alternative top view of a keypad of **FIG. 1A**.

FIG. 1F depicts top, bottom, front, back, left, right and perspective views of an overlay

of the present invention. The present invention includes alternative overlays that have alternative

lettering, symbols or numbers. The perspective view does not depict the lettering and symbols provided on the top view, but these lettering and symbols is intended.

FIG. 2 depicts another preferred keypad of the present invention.

FIG. 3 depicts a schematic diagram of one aspect of the present invention.

5   FIG. 4 depicts a schematic diagram of one aspect of the present invention.

FIG. 5 depicts a schematic diagram of one aspect of the present invention.

FIG. 6 depicts a preferred output routine of the present invention.

FIG. 7 depicts a preferred output routine of the present invention.

FIG. 8 depicts a preferred output routine of the present invention.

10   FIG. 9 depicts a schematic of a preferred system of the present invention. In this system, a user enters an alphanumeric word using a keypad (100) of his/her remote control (102) which is transmitted to an Internet TV device (110) as a wordcode numeric string. This wordcode is transmitted via the Internet (120) to a web server (130) which accesses a word database (140), matches the wordcode (144) back to the address (148). If the wordcode (145) is assigned to

15   multiple words (147) in the word database, the server will present these words to the user and then execute the action assigned to the chosen word (149). If the wordcode is not in the word database, the server accesses a dictionary database (150) and displays to the user, possible words (146) which match the wordcode (144). When the user selects his/her desired word (146), the server (130) then uses this information in another web application such as a search engine.

20   FIG. 10A depicts a description of one preferred method for Internet advertising of TV channels or streaming video.

FIG. 10B depicts a description of one preferred method for Internet advertising of TV channels or streaming video.

FIG. 10C depicts a schematic of one preferred method, system and devices for Internet

25   advertising of TV channels or streaming video that uses an additional communication device, such as a telephone or cellular phone.

FIG. 10D depicts a schematic of one preferred method, system and devices for Internet advertising of TV channels or streaming video.

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Summary

The present invention recognizes that Internet users who utilize Internet televison devices to interface with the Internet do not have the same needs as Internet users who use computers. The present invention addresses the needs of television Internet users to interface with the
5   Internet by providing appropriate interfacing methods, compositions and articles of manufacture.

One aspect of the present invention is a word code that includes a series of numerical digits that relates to a word or portion of a word. The word code can be entered using a numerical keypad that relates a number to a number or a letter. The word code can be provided in a variety of formats, such as a machine readable format.

10   A second aspect of the present invention is a method of making a word code that includes identifying a word or portion of a word that is an appropriate word code and translating the word or portion of a word into a word code.

A third aspect of the present invention is a composition of matter or an article of manufacture that includes at least two word codes. The word codes can be provided in any
15   format, but are preferably provided in a machine readable format, such as a magnetic medium. The composition can have a two or more word codes arranged in a database, such as in an appropriate order, such as numerical or sequential from when entered into a database.

A fourth aspect of the present invention is a method of searching a database that includes providing a database of word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code and comparing
20   the query to the database.

A fifth aspect of the present invention is a method of retrieving information from a database, including providing a database of word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code, comparing the query to the database to obtain at least one selected word code, obtaining an output that includes at least one selected word code, and translating the selected word code
25   into a selected word. The selected word can be ranked in the instance that a word code is associated with more than one word. The selected word code or selected word can be displayed, preferably using a user-friendly format. The selected word code or selected word can also relate to additional information or link to additional information, such as an Internet search engine, a URL, a TVRL or a TV channel location.

30   A sixth aspect of the present invention is a composition that includes at least one selected word code or at least one selected word retrieved using a method of the present invention. The

selected word code(s) or selected words can be provided in any format, preferably in a machine readable format, and can also be provided in a database.

A seventh aspect of the present invention is a numerical keypad that can be used to enter a word code. The numerical keypad can have any appropriate configuration, including but not limited to a remote control unit, a keyboard or a touchscreen. The numerical keypad preferably correlates one or more letters with one or more numbers, preferably more than one letter corresponding to one number. The present invention also includes an overlay for an existing keypad.

An eighth aspect of the present invention is a method of entering alphanumeric text into a data processing unit, including providing a keypad of the present invention and entering a number into the data processing unit using the keypad.

A ninth aspect of the present invention is a method of linking an Internet site, such as a URL, with a video feed such as TV location or television station.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Definitions

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this invention belongs as exemplified by a variety of technical dictionaries or sources, such as, for example Muller, Desktop Encyclopedia of Telecommunications (1999). Conventional methods are used for the procedures, such as those provided in the art and various general references. Where a term is provided in the singular, the inventors also contemplate the plural of that term.

A "word" refers to a string of letters, numbers and/or symbols that have a meaning, including a linguistic meaning or a legal meaning (such as a trademark). A portion of a word is any portion, contiguous or non-contiguous, of a word. A word can be in any language, and any alphabet, including a phonetic alphabet as is used in certain languages, such as Japanese.

A "word code" refers to a string of numbers that corresponds via a concordance to a word or a portion of a word. Preferably, a word code is made of the number 1 to 9, inclusive, with the zero being reserved as a special character. A "TV Hypercode" is another term for a word code.

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A "special character" refers to a number other than 1 to 9, inclusive, or a symbol, such as a space, a star, a pound sign, an @ sign, an & sign and a period or comma that provides information in addition to the information provided by a word code.

"Translation" refers to changing a word to a word code, or a word code to a word, using a concordance or program.

A "machine readable format" refers to a format that is useable by a machine, such as a central processing unit or a processing unit. The machine readable format can be any appropriate format, such as paper, magnetic medium or polymers such as cycloolifin polymers or copolymers. Data is provided on a machine readable format in an appropriate manner. For example, data on a paper machine readable format can be provided as marks or holes on the paper, or a combination thereof.

A "database" refers to an arrangement of data, preferably on at least one machine readable format on at least one machine at at least one location. The data can be arranged in any appropriate way using, for example, database management software as is known in the art or as commercially available. The data can be arranged, for example, numerically, alphabetically or in the order in which it was entered into the database. A database can be maintained and searched using software commercially available and as known in the art.

A "query" refers to data that is used to compare with a database to identify members of the database that correspond at least in part to the query. The comparing can be performed using software as it is known in the art or commercially available. The comparing results in no or one or more "hits," which refers to identified members of a database that correspond at least in part to the query. "Corresponds at least in part" means that the match between the query and the member of the database need not be exact, but have a degree of similarity that indicates that the query and the identified member of the database are similar in some regard. Such comparing can be performed using software known in the art and as commercially available.

"Ranking" refers to organizing an output such that the members of an output (should there be a plurality of members of an output) are arranged in an appropriate way, such as the percentage of matching between a query and a member of a database. For example, an identified member of a database 1 1 1 1 would have a higher ranking than another member of a database 1234 when the query was 1111 or 1115, the former being an exact match. Also, ranking refers to ranking of words associated with the same word key, such as books and cooks.

"Displaying" refers to selecting and arranging the identified members of a database in a manner that is useful to a user, where a user can be any user, including a human or a machine. If a user is a human, then the display is preferably in a format, language and arrangement that is useful to a user.

5   A "user friendly format" refers to a format that is appropriate for a particular user. For example, different displays may be appropriate for human users of different cultures, differing languages or differing geographic locations. If the user is a machine, then the display should be in an appropriate format, such as in code, such as binary or hex.

"Linking" refers to the process of identifying an Internet link location or TV channel

10   location, such as a URL, or TVRL. Linking can include connecting with the identified Internet link location or TV channel location.

A "URL" or Uniform Resource Locator, refers to a unique pointer to data on the World Wide Web that can contain information about protocol (such as HTTP), the Internet Server Hostename, the directory and the file name of data.

15   A "HTTP" or Hypertext Transfer Protocol, refers to an Internet communications protocol usually used with a URL to communicate between a web browser and a web server.

A "TVRL" or Television Resource Locator, refers to a pointer to a TV channel that can be used within a web page or web browser to send commands to an Internet television device. TVRLs have also been referred to as TV HTML extensions, Broadcast HTML or Broadcast

20   URLs.

An "advertisement" refers to a display that refers to a good or service. On the Internet, such displays can be, for example, banners, text or graphics, or a combination thereof.

A "keypad" refers to a device, such as a remote control unit, keyboard, or touchscreen, that includes letters, numbers or symbols. The keypad can operate via pressure sensitive pads,

25   mechanically engaged keys, heat sensitive pads, or thin-pad type structures. Preferably, the keypad is an "alphanumeric keypad" that includes letters that are directly associated with one or more numbers. By directly associated, a number and a letter are printed in proximity to each other. For example, a number and a letter can be printed on the same key on a keypad, such as on a telephone keypad, or the letter and number can be arranged so that one is on the key and one

30   is not on the key but their orientation and proximity to each other and to the key indicate that the key is associated with the number and letter, or the number and the letter can be arranged so that

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neither is on the key but their proximity to each other and to the key indicate that the key is associated with the number and letter.

"Data" refers to information in any form, such as letters, symbols, numbers or combination thereof. Preferably, data refers to numbers or numbers in combination with letters, but that need not be the case.

Introduction

The present invention recognizes that Internet users who utilize Internet televison devices to interface with the Internet do not have the same needs as Internet users who use computers. The present invention addresses the needs of television Internet users to interface with the Internet by providing appropriate interfacing methods, compositions and articles of manufacture.

As a non-limiting introduction to the breadth of the present invention, the present invention includes several general and useful aspects, including:

1)   a word code that includes a series of digits that relates to a word or portion of a word;

2)   a method of making a word code that includes identifying a word or portion of a word that is an appropriate word code and translating the word or portion of a word into a word code;

3)   a composition of matter or an article of manufacture that includes at least two word codes;

4)   a method of searching a database that includes providing a database of word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code and comparing the query to the database;

5)   a method of retrieving information from a database, including providing a database of word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code, comparing the query to the database to obtain at least one selected word code, obtaining an output that includes at least one selected word code, and translating the selected word code into a selected word;

6)   a composition that includes at least one selected word code or at least one selected word retrieved using a method of the present invention;

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7)   a keypad that can be used to enter a word code and an overlay for a keypad. The keypad can have any appropriate configuration, including but not limited to a remote control unit, a keyboard or a touchscreen;

8)   a method of entering alphanumeric text into a data processing unit, including providing a keypad of the present invention and entering a number into the data processing unit using the keypad; and

9)   a method of linking an Internet site, such as a URL, with a video feed, such as a TV location or television station.

These aspects of the invention, as well as others described herein, can be achieved by using the methods, articles of manufacture, compounds and compositions of matter described herein. To gain a full appreciation of the scope of the present invention, it will be further recognized that various aspects of the present invention can be combined to make desirable embodiments of the invention.

A.   A WORD CODE

The present invention includes a word code that includes a series of numerical digits that relates to a word or portion of a word. The word code can be provided in a variety of formats, including a machine readable format. The word code can formed by entering a word or a portion of a word into a central processing unit using a concordance, which can include a concordance device such as a keypad, including a keyboard, remote control device or touchscreen. One preferred example of a concordance includes the following and is set forth in **FIG. 1** and **FIG. 2**:

the digit 1 refers to the letters A, B and C and the number 1;

the digit 2 refers to the letters D, E and F and the number 2;

the digit 3 refers to the letters G, H and I and the number 3;

the digit 4 refers to the letters J, K, and L and the number 4;

the digit 5 refers to the letters M, N and O and the number 5;

the digit 6 refers to the letters P, Q and R and the number 6;

the digit 7 refers to the letters S, T and U and the number 7;

the digit 8 refers to the letters V, W and X and the number 8; and

the digit 9 refers to the letters Y and Z and the number 9; optionally

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the digit 0 refers to a special character. such as a space. *, #, ., @, &. wildcard and the number 0.

Appropriate concordance result in relatively few multiple listings of word codes due to the particular language or alphabet being used (**FIG. 7**). As the length of a word code increases,

5　the number of multiple listing decreases, but the chosen concordance has an impact on the phenomenon of multiple listings. Preferred concordance can be identified using the following methods.

The present invention also includes a method to optimally assign letters, characters, or symbols to a keypad. This method is particularly useful when there are more characters than

10　keys and the interface must be designed to accept as many unique character or symbol sequences while avoiding duplication of key sequences. By avoiding duplication of key sequences, a user may represent a large random (non-predefined) set of words (sequences of characters) without the requirement for a full keyboard of characters. This example uses the English alphabet as the character set. and a base 10 numeric keypad as the mapped keypad. but other alphabets. symbols,

15　characters and numbers can be used. such as are used in a variety of languages.

This method utilizes an estimation of the usage frequencies of the character set within the specified language or word set. In **Table I**, the usage frequencies are shown for the various characters in an English dictionary. These frequencies are shown as a percentage or (number of instances of a character in a text / total number of characters in the text). These frequencies may

20　vary between texts, but are generally similar when a large sample is taken from a dictionary or large body of text.

In addition. in most cases there exists an pre-defined order of characters within a character set; such as in the case of the English alphabet it is ABCEDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ. Preferably, the order of the characteristic is maintained on the keypad to allow the user to easily

25　find the character he/she is seeking. This method preferably uses an inherent maintained order, but may also be used if the character set has no pre-defined order.

After estimating character frequencies and determining the character order. the number of keys on the keypad to be used is determined. For example, the 26-character English alphabet can be mapped to a 9-key keypad and a 10-key keypad. The method used is to determine the

30　optimum frequency or probability that each key may be pressed. In the instance of a 9-key keypad. the optimum frequency is 1/9 or 0.11111. In the instance of the 10-key keypad, the

optimum frequency is 1/10 or 0.10000. By grouping characters to match these optimum frequencies as closely as possible, the method avoids duplication of key sequences by minimizing the probability that one key will be used more than another.

In **Table II**, two versions of 9-digit key mappings are shown. In the first version, key 1 is assigned to the characters ABC with a use frequency of 0.112 (0.079 + 0.003 + 0.030 from **Table I**). This grouping by itself may be more optimal than version 2 that assigns characters ABCD with a use frequency of 0.156, since it is closer to the optimal use frequency determined by the 9-digit keypad 1/9 or 0.111. However, since the grouping of characters affects the other groupings downstream, the overall optimal assignment may not known until all assignments are completed. After grouping the first set of characters, the next set of characters are also grouped to approach the optimum frequency of 0.111. In **Table II**, version 2 is more optimally assigned to keypad digit 2 than version 1 and only includes one letter. These groupings continue until all characters are assigned to all keys. The user may find that he or she may have to re-arrange previous groupings because they result in too little or too much use frequency in the later key assignments. Such optimization can be routinely made.

The determination of overall optimal assignment can be measured by comparing standard deviations from the mean (optimal) use frequency. In the case of the two 9-digit key assignments shown below, version 2 may be considered "optimal" or "preferable" because its standard deviation (SDEV) is 0.026 versus 0.068 for version 1. Standard deviation measures the "variability" of the data from the optimal mean. Another measure is the MEDIAN or middle value in the data, where half of all the keys will receive more usage and the other half less usage. Although it's important that the MEDIAN be close to the MEAN, it is of secondary importance to maintaining a low standard deviation.

In **Table II**, version 2 is more optimized for use than version 1 on a 9-key keypad. Version 1 may receive heavy use on keys 2,5 and 7 since their frequencies are high, which may result in more duplicated key sequences for different character strings. However, version 1 is more user-friendly than version 2 since it equally distributes the characters amongst each key making it easier for users to pick out characters. A further example for a 10-key keypad is shown in version 3 in **Table II**.

This method may be applied to any character set mapped on to a keypad, including Spanish characters and Japanese phonetics (katakana or hiragana). Computer simulations using

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this method will be able to evaluate all possible groupings for optimal mapping, but may not take into account the human interface factors that must also be considered.

Table I: Usage Frequencies of English Alphabet Letters

Character	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Frequency	0.073	0.009	0.030	0.044	0.130	0.028	0.016	0.035	0.074	0 002	0.003	0.035	0.025
Character	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
Frequency	0.078	0.074	0.027	0 003	0.077	0.063	0.093	0.027	0 013	0 016	0.005	0.019	0.001

Table II: Examples of Key Mappings

Version 1

Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Frequency	0.112	0.202	0 13	0.04	0 177	0.107	0.183	0.034	0.02	0 111
	Mean	Median	SDEV	ADEV						
	0.112	0.068	0 0541							

Version 2

Letters	ABCD	E	FGH	IJKL	MN	OPQ	RS	T	UVWXYZ
Frequency	0.156	0.13	0.08	0.114	0.103	0.104	0.140	0.093	0.081
	Mean	Median	SDEV	ADEV					
	0.111	0.104	0.026	0.0212					

Version 3

Letters	AB	CD	E	FGH	IJKL	MN	OPQ	RS	T
Frequency	0.082	0.074	0.13	0.079	0.114	0.103	0.104	0.14	0.093
	Mean	Median	SDEV	ADEV					
	0.100	0.098	0.023	0.0182					

The concordance can be provided in the form of a device. such as a keypad. remote control or touchscreen (FIG. 1A to FIG. 1E and FIG. 2). For example. the letters and numbers can be provided in a keypad, such as on a standard television remote control. such that the concordance of letters to numbers is established. The device can then be used to enter a word

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code into a processing unit or Internet interfacing device. A word code can be of any appropriate length, but is preferably between about 3 digits and about 20 digits in length, and more preferably between about 5 digits and about 10 digits.

The concordance can also be provided in the form of an overlay for an existing keypad, such as depicted in **FIG. 1F**. Such overlays can be made of any appropriate material, but are preferably made of clear, opaque or colored plastics, including ridged or flexible plastics. The overlay can be adhered to a keypad using adhesives, mechanical structures such as tongue and groove engagement, or by plastics that reversibly adhere to surfaces. Such overlays can be made using appropriate methods, such as printing on a plastic sheet and cutting the plastic sheet before or after printing in order to provide the outline of an existing keypad. The size and shape of the openings of the overlay and the overall shape and configuration of the overlay is related to the keypad that the overlay is being designed from.

B.   A METHOD OF MAKING A WORD CODE

The present invention also includes a method of making a word code that includes identifying a word or portion of a word that is an appropriate word code and translating the word or portion of a word into a word code.

Words or portions of words can are appropriate for word codes are words themselves, including trademarks and advertising misspelling, such as, for example, "booksrus" or "books r us." The words or portion of words are preferably the length of a word code, such as between about 3 digits and about 20 digits. The selected word or portion of a word is then translated into a word code. This translation can take place using a concordance or using a device of the present invention. The translation can also take place using a database structure, where, for example, a database of identified words or portions of words is compiled into a database of words and/or portion of words. The members of the database of words and/or portion of words are then translated into a database or word codes using a selected concordance and an appropriate conversion program, such as are readily available, such as in the art of cryptography.

C.   A COMPOSITION OF MATTER INCLUDING WORD CODES

The present invention also includes a composition of matter or an article of manufacture that includes at least two word codes. The at least two word codes are preferably

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provided in a machine readable format and can be optionally provided in the format of a database. The members of the database can be arranged in any appropriate manner, such as numerical order or in the order in which they were entered into the database. Appropriate database creation and maintenance programs are available in the art and many are commercially

5   available.

D.   A METHOD OF SEARCHING A DATABASE

The present invention also includes a method of searching a database that includes providing a database or word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code and comparing

10   the query to the database. Flow diagrams of this method are provided in **FIG. 3, FIG. 4, FIG. 5, and FIG. 9.**

In a preferred aspect of the invention, a database of word codes is provided at one or more sites. A query is provided by a user in the form of a word code or TV hypercode (**FIG. 6, FIG. 7 and FIG. 8**), preferably using a device of the present invention, such as a keypad. The

15   wordcode is then compared with the database or word codes using appropriate search routines such as they are known in the art and often commercially available. The comparing of the word code with the database of word codes can be of differing stringencies, such that, for example, only exact matches are designated as "hits" or where a certain degree of mismatching is permitted for a "hit" to be indicated. Such comparing can be performed using established methods and

20   software, such as are commercially available. Preferred comparing routines are in the arts of database searching and cryptography.

E.   A METHOD OF RETRIEVING INFORMATION

The present invention also includes a method of retrieving information from a

25   database, including providing a database of word codes, providing a query in the form of a word code, comparing the query to the database to obtain at least one selected word code, obtaining an output that includes at least one selected word code, and translating the selected word code into a selected word.

After the steps described in Section D are performed, the identified hit or hits are

30   provided as at least one selected word code. At this point in time the word code is in a numerical configuration. Preferably, the word code is translated to the word from which the word code was

derived so that any outputs resulting from the search and translation are in a format that is user-friendly for a human operator.

Optionally, if more than one word code or word is identified as a hit, then the word codes or words are ranked as to the appropriateness of the hit. This aspect of the present

5   invention is preferable if the comparing step identifies matches between the query and the database of word codes that are not exact. The ranking can be performed using database searching and displaying routines as they are known in the art and are often commercially available. such as those used by the National Institutes of Health in its Grateful Med and BLAST database searching and comparing routines. This ranking can take place before or after the

10   translation or word code to word.

Identified words or word codes can be displayed prior to or after translation and prior to or after ranking. The display is preferably in a user-friendly format relative to the intended user. For example. if the user is a human. then the interface would preferably include words rather than word codes in a user interface that optionally uses graphics. If the user is a machine,

15   then the display would preferably in a numerical configuration such as a word code or a word code in hex or binary language or other appropriate machine readable format.

The display can also relate the word or word code to additional information. For example. a display can show a word or a word code. The word code or word can be selected by a user using a user interface, such as a "point and click" device. The selected word code or word

20   is then activated to link to additional information at an Internet search engine. a URL. a TVRL or a TV channel location. During the time that the relating and linking takes place, or additional time or less time as a programer would choose, and advertisement can be displayed. The advertisement can take a variety of forms, such as banners, graphics. text. combinations thereof, and the like. A summary of these processes is provided in **FIG. 3** to **FIG. 9**, in particular by

25   **FIG. 9**.

F.   A COMPOSITION THAT INCLUDES SELECTED WORD CODE(S)

The present invention also includes a composition that includes at least one selected word code or at least one selected word retrieved using a method of the present invention. The

30   word(s) or word code(s) retrieved using the present invention can be provided in the form of a composition. such as a machine readable format, such as a disk, or a machine. such as a

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processing unit or memory device (permanent or temporary), including a disk drive, such as a

hard drive or RAM. The word(s) or word code(s) can be compiled into a database, which in turn

can be provided on a machine readable format and is considered part of the present invention.

The database can be made using database programs available in the art and the members of the

5   database can be stored in any acceptable order, such as in numerical order. alphabetical order or

in the order in which the members of the database were entered. The members of the database

can be provided in an acceptable format, such as alphanumeric, numeric or code such as binary

or hex.

10   **G.   A KEYPAD**

The present invention also includes a keypad that can be used to enter a word code.

The keypad can have any appropriate configuration, including but not limited to a remote control

unit. a keyboard or a touchscreen. The invention includes an overlay for a keypad, particularly

a remote control unit as depicted in **FIG. 1** and **FIG. 2**, that provides a concordance between

15   numbers and letters on the keypad. Examples of preferred keypads of the present invention are

provided in **FIG. 1** and **FIG. 2**.

The keypad can have keys arranged in any appropriate configuration, such as in a

tabular form as in **FIG. 1**. or can be arranged in alternative configurations as are known in the

art. such as in the designs of keypads for electronic devices such as televisions, stereos or DVDs

20   and Internet devices.

The concordance of numbers to letter presented on a keypad can be any of the present

invention. A preferred concordance is:

the digit 1 corresponds to the letters A, B and C and the number 1;

the digit 2 corresponds to the letters D, E and F and the number 2;

25   the digit 3 corresponds to the letters G, H and I and the number 3;

the digit 4 corresponds to the letters J, K, and L and the number 4;

the digit 5 corresponds to the letters M, N and O and the number 5;

the digit 6 corresponds to the letters P, Q and R and the number 6;

the digit 7 corresponds to the letters S, T and U and the number 7;

30   the digit 8 corresponds to the letters V, W and X and the number 8;and

the digit 9 corresponds to the letters Y and Z and the number 9; optionally

15

the digit 0 corresponds to a space, #, *, ., @, &, a wildcard or the number 0. The keypad of the present invention need not display both numbers and letters. The keypad can optionally display only letters. wherein the corresponding numbers are implicit or not implicit from their location on the keypad and the spacial relationship to each other.

5

H.   A METHOD OF ENTERING DATA INTO A DATA PROCESSING UNIT

The present invention also includes a method of entering data into a data processing unit, including providing a keypad of the present invention and entering a number into the data processing unit using the keypad. This process can be performed by a person or a machine.

10

I.   A METHOD OF LINKING AN INTERNET SITE WITH A TV LOCATION

The present invention also includes a method of linking an Internet site with a video feed, such as a TV location. In operation, this method includes providing an Internet user that utilizes a television set as an interface with the Internet, preferably using an appropriate interface, such as a Set-Top device. with an option to link to video feed, such as a television location, such as a television station. The option preferably is a button which the user can select by clicking on the button. When the user elects to choose the option by, for example, clicking on a button, the user is taken to the video feed. Software and hardware to support the link between the Internet and a video feed are available in the art (U.S. Patent No. 5,774.664 to Hidary et al.. issued June 30, 1998; U.S. Patent No. 5,778,181 to Hidary et al., issued July 7, 1998; 5,961,603 to Kunkel et al.. issued October 5, 1999; WO 97/13368 to Schein et al., published April 10. 1997 and WO 97/33434 to Weilacher, published September 12, 1997). Preferably, the user is utilizing wordcode technology as described herein. The option to link to a video feed is preferably presented in interstitial time, either real-time or purposely introduced, while a user is linking between Internet locations.

The method of the present invention can include providing an Internet user an option to link to a video feed, and linking the user to a video feed upon selection of said option by the user. The user is preferably a human. but the user can also be an interface device, such as a central processing unit. During operation, the option to link to a video feed is preferably displayed on a television set. wherein the television set interfaces with the Internet using appropriate hardware and software. such as a Set-Top device. Other interfacing devices can be

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used, such as they are known in the art or later developed. The option can take any form, but preferably comprises a button, banner, static banner, animated banner or dynamic video clip that the user can select. More preferably, the option takes the form of an advertisement.

5   Preferred aspects of the present invention are provided in **FIG. 10A. FIG. 10B. FIG. 10C and FIG. 10D.** In **FIG. 10A,** a user is shown an Internet web page on a Television screen. At the web page, a user is provided an option, such as an advertisement, for a video link such as a TV channel, TV show or streaming video that may be playing at that time. in the past or in the future. The advertisement is preferably labeled so that it can be identified as a Click-For-TV advertisement as opposed to a standard banner that "links" to a static web site. The user selects,

10   such as by "clicking" on. the advertisement and a command is sent to the user's Internet interface device. such as a Set-Top Box or television. which displays and tunes to the video link. The advertisement can take any form, such as a static banner. animated banner or dynamic video clip.

In **FIG. 10B,** a user is shown an Internet webpage on a Television screen. The user links to another web page, preferably using word codes of the present invention. As the

15   destination web page is being loaded, the user is shown an interstitial option, such as an advertisement, for a video link, such as a TV channel, TV show or streaming video that may be planing at that time or in the past or future. The option is labeled so that it can be identified as a Click-For-TV advertisement as opposed to a standard banner advertisement that "links" to a static web site. The user selects or "clicks" on the advertisement and a command is sent to the

20   Internet interface. such as a Set-Top Box or TV that links and displays and tunes to the TV channel or streaming video. The option, such as an advertisement can be in the form of a static banner. animated banner or dynamic video clip.

In **FIG. 10C.** a user accesses an Internet website using an Internet TV device (210) or other Internet access device such as a telephone (280) which may be connected through an

25   Internet TV device, directly to the Internet or both. The website contains an advertisement which is transmitted to the users screen from an advertising server (230) through the Internet (220) or similar network. This advertisement contains information promoting a TV channel. a telephone ordering service, or other service such as pizza delivery. The advertisement may be stored on the server (230) or dynamically created from a scheduling database (240) and template graphic (250).

30   The scheduling database may include information such as TV channel information (244), telephone number (246), or current news or weather (248), as well as other information which

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may be included in the advertisement. The scheduling database may be used to display ads promoting events playing currently and in the near future, particularly events that can be viewed on a television or similar device (212). The advertising server (230) may also be intelligent and serve advertisements based on user information such as zip code, time zone, Internet browser

5   type, or other demographic or user device configuration information. If the user selects or "clicks" on the Internet advertisement, a command is sent to the Internet TV device (210), telephone (280), or similar access device which causes the device to perform a specific function such as change to a specific TV channel, dial a telephone number, or tune to a radio station or the like. The advertisement may promote a pizza delivery service where when the user clicks on

10   the advertisement. the number for the closest pizzeria is dialed for the user. It may also be used to advertise TV shows, where when the user clicks o the advertisement, the TV is tuned to the desired TV channel and show. This can be accomplished by the advertising server (230) through embedding a command or code when the advertisement is served which is activated by the user selection to perform an appropriate activity. It can also be accomplished by directing the user

15   to a website (260) or webpage which contains the command or code which is transmitted back to the Internet access device to follow. The corresponding website may access a database (270) containing TV channel information, telephone numbers, or similar commands that the Internet device can execute.

       In **FIG. 10D**, a user accesses an Internet website using an Internet TV device (310),

20   an input device such as a remote control (300), and viewed on a TV (312). The website contains an advertisement which is transmitted to the users screen from an advertising server (330) through the Internet (320) or similar network. This advertisement contains information promoting a TV channel. TV show, or streaming video. The advertisement may be stored on the server (330) or dynamically created from a TV program listing database (340) and template

25   graphic (350). The TV program listing database may include information such as TV channel name (344), TV show name (346), and TV show time (348), as well as other information relating to programming information which may be included in the advertisement. The TV program listing database may be used to display ads promoting TV shows playing currently and in the near future. The advertising server (330) may also be intelligent and serve advertisements based on

30   user information such as cable system, zip code, time zone, Internet browser type, or other demographic or user device configuration information. If the user selects or "clicks" on the

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Internet advertisement, a command is followed by the Internet TV device (310) to display the corresponding TV channel or TV show to the user and viewed on the TV (312). This can be accomplished by the advertising server (330) through embedding a command or code when the advertisement is served which is activated by the user selection to display the video or video

5   stream. It can also be accomplished by directing the user to a website (360) or webpage which contains the command code which is transmitted back to the Internet TV device (310) to follow. The corresponding website may access a database (370) containing TV channel call signs, TV channel numbers, streaming video web addresses, or similar video location information.

       All publications, including patent documents. world wide web sites, book chapters,

10   books and scientific articles. referred to in this application and set forth in the bibliography are incorporated by reference in their entirety for all purposes to the same extent as if each individual publication were individually incorporated by reference.

       All headings are for the convenience of the reader and should not be used to limit the meaning of the text that follows the heading, unless so specified.

15

What is claimed is:

3   1.   A word code that comprises a string of digits that relates to a word or portion of a

4   word.

1   2.   The word code of claim 1 provided in a machine readable format.

1   3.   The word code of claim 1, wherein:

2   a)   the digit 1 refers to the letters A, B and C and the number 1;

3   b)   the digit 2 refers to the letters D, E and F and the number 2;

4   c)   the digit 3 refers to the letters G, H and I and the number 3;

5   d)   the digit 4 refers to the letters J, K, and L and the number 4;

6   e)   the digit 5 refers to the letters M, N and O and the number 5;

7   f)   the digit 6 refers to the letters P, Q and R and the number 6;

8   g)   the digit 7 refers to the letters S, T and U and the number 7;

9   h)   the digit 8 refers to the letters V, W and X and the number 8; and

10   i)   the digit 9 refers to the letters Y and Z and the number 9.

1   4.   The word code of claim 1, wherein the digit 0 refers to a special character.

1   5.   The word code of claim 1, wherein said string of digits is between about 3 digits and

2   about 20 digits.

1   6.   The word code of claim 1, wherein said string of digits is between about 5 digits and

2   about 10 digits.

1   7.   A method of making a word code, comprising:

2   a)   identifying a word or portion of a word that is an appropriate word code;

3   and

4   b)   translating said word or portion of a word into a word code.

1   8.   An article of manufacture, comprising: two or more word codes.

1   9.   The article of manufacture of claim 8, wherein said word codes are provided in a
2   machine readable format.

1   10.   The article of manufacture of claim 8, wherein said two or more word codes is a
2   database of word codes.

1   11.   A method of searching a database, comprising:
2   a)   providing a database of word codes;
3   b)   providing a query in the form of a word code; and
4   c)   comparing said query to said database.

1   12.   A method of retrieving information from a database, comprising:
2   a)   providing a database of word codes;
3   b)   providing a query in the form of a word code;
4   c)   comparing said query to said database to obtain at least one selected word
5   code;
6   d)   obtaining an output comprising at least one selected word code;
7   e)   translating said at least one selected word code to at least one word.

1   13.   The method of claim 12, further comprising ranking said selected word codes or said
2   words if more that one word code or word is obtained.

1   14.   The method of claim 12, further comprising displaying said at least one selected word.

1   15.   The method of claim 12, wherein said displaying is in a user-friendly format.

1   16.   The method of claim 12, further comprising relating said at least one selected word
2   code or at least one word to additional information at an Internet search engine, a
3   URL, a TVRL or a TV channel location.

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1   17.   The method of claim 16, wherein said related includes linking said word code or said
2   word to said Internet search engine, URL, TVRL or TV channel location.

1   18.   The method of claim 17, wherein an advertisement is displayed prior to said linking.

1   19.   The method of claim 12, wherein said output comprises possible words when said
2   comparing results in no exact match between said query and said database.

1   20.   The method of claim 19, wherein a user selects a word from said output.

1   21.   The method of claim 20, wherein said user is linked to an Internet search engine.

1   22.   An article of manufacture, comprising: at least one word code or at least one word
2   retrieved using the method of claim 12.

1   23.   The article of manufacture of claim 17, wherein said at least one word code or at least
2   one word is in a machine readable format.

1   24.   A keypad, comprising an array of numbers and letters, wherein:
2   a)   the digit 1 corresponds to the letters A, B and C and the number 1;
3   b)   the digit 2 corresponds to the letters D, E and F and the number 2;
4   c)   the digit 3 corresponds to the letters G, H and I and the number 3;
5   d)   the digit 4 corresponds to the letters J, K, and L and the number 4;
6   e)   the digit 5 corresponds to the letters M, N and O and the number 5;
7   f)   the digit 6 corresponds to the letters P, Q and R and the number 6;
8   g)   the digit 7 corresponds to the letters S, T and U and the number 7;
9   h)   the digit 8 corresponds to the letters V, W and X and the number 8; and
10   i)   the digit 9 corresponds to the letters Y and Z and the number 9.

1 25. The numerical keypad of claim 24, wherein said keypad is provided on a remote
2 control unit, a keyboard or a touchscreen.

1 26. A method of entering data into a data processing unit, comprising:
2   a)   providing the numeric keypad of claim 24;
3   b)   entering a number using said numeric keypad.

1 27. A method for linking an Internet site with a video feed, comprising:
2   a)   providing an Internet user an option to link to a video feed, and
3   b)   linking the user to a video feed upon selection of said option by said
4   user.

1 28. The method of claim 27, wherein said user is a human.

1 29. The method of claim 27, wherein said option to link is displayed on a television set.

1 30. The method of claim 29, wherein said television set interfaces with the Internet with
2 an interfacing hardware and optionally interfacing software.

1 31. The method of claim 30, w herein said interfacing hardware comprises a set-top
2 device.

1 32. The method of claim 27, wherein said option comprises an advertisement.

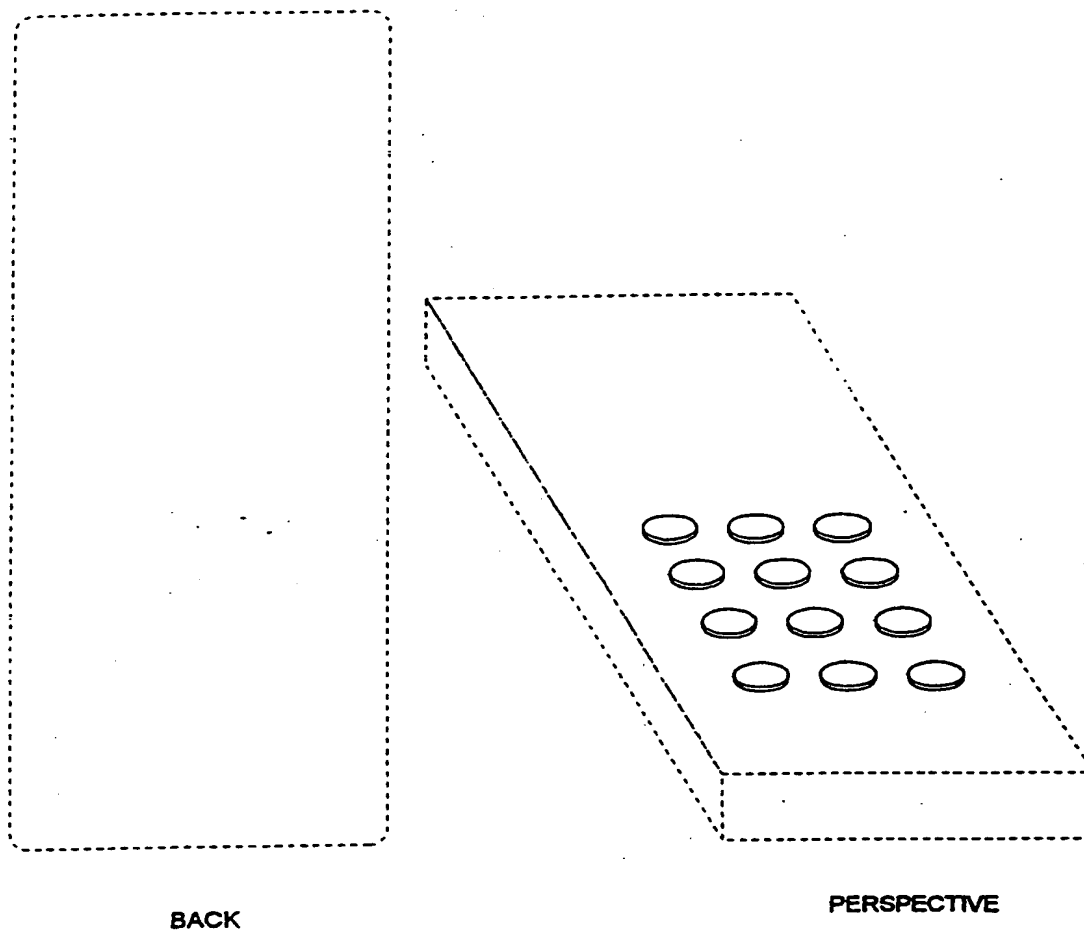1 33. The method of claim 27, wherein said option comprises a button.

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FIG. 1A

FRONT

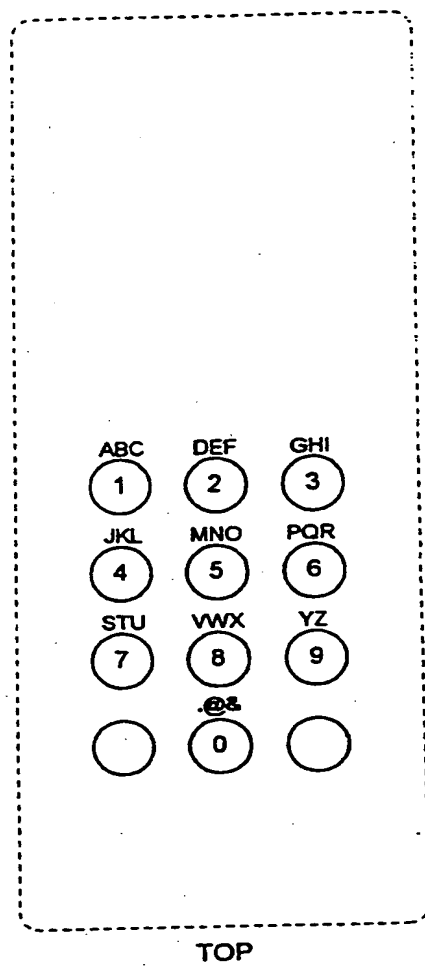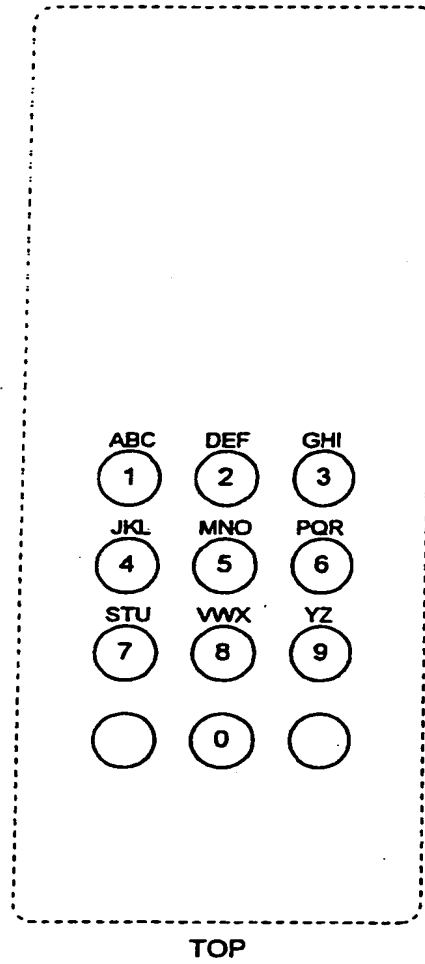LEFT

RIGHT

ABC	DEF	GHI
①	②	③
JKL	MNO	PQR
④	⑤	⑥
STU	VWX	YZ
⑦	⑧	⑨
	.@&	
←	⓪	⒠ⓝⓣⓔⓡ

TOP

REAR

FIG. 1B

BACK

PERSPECTIVE

FIG. 1C

TOP

FIG. 1D

TOP

TOP

FRONT

LEFT

ABC	DEF	GHI
JKL	MNO	PQR
STU	VWX	YZ
	.@&	

RIGHT

TOP

REAR

PERSPECTIVE

BOTTOM

FIG. 2

FIG. 3

Jump to Destination URL

Enter TV HyperCode

Internet

WEBSITE

Send User to
Associated URL

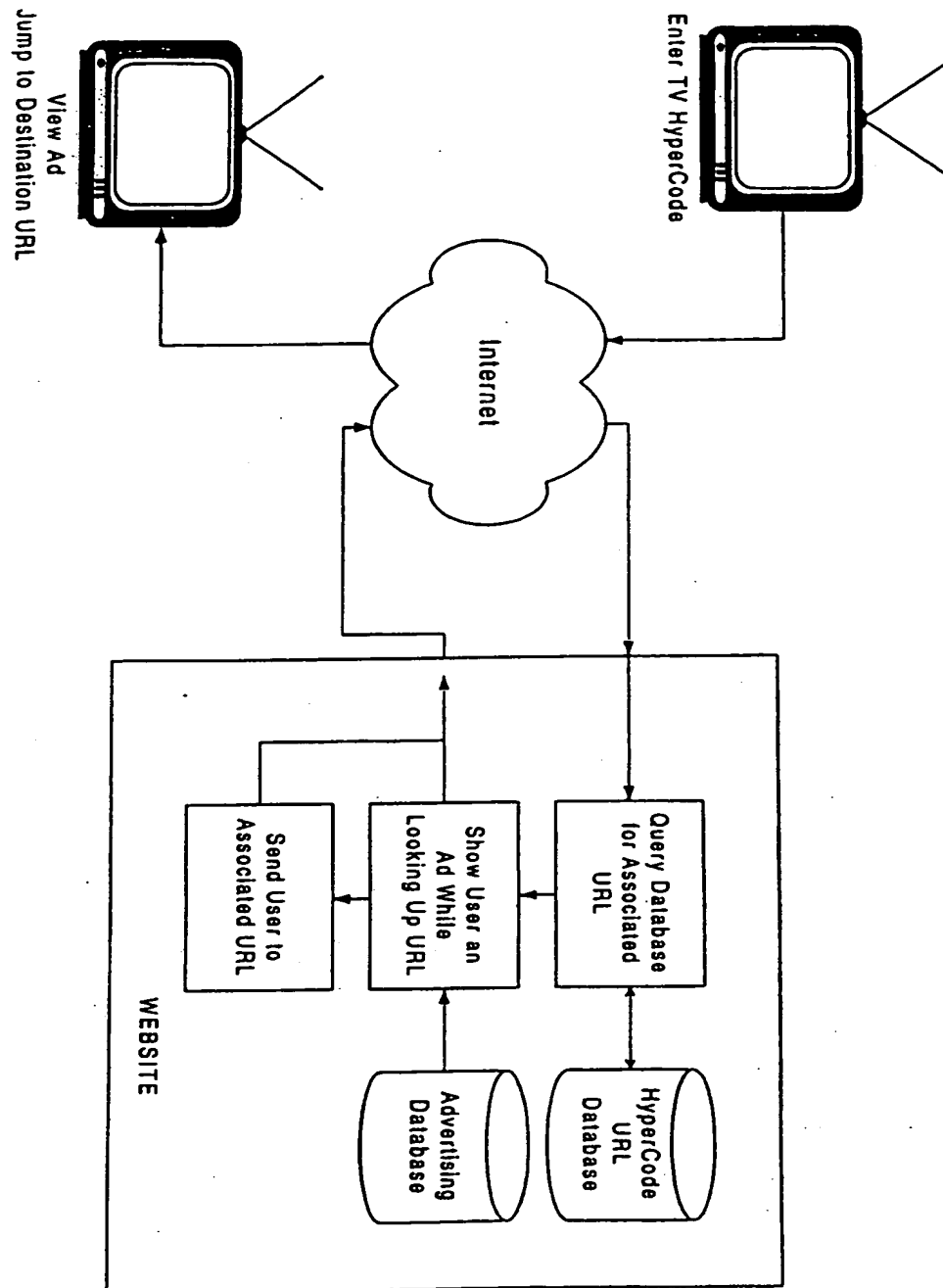Query Database
for Associated
URL
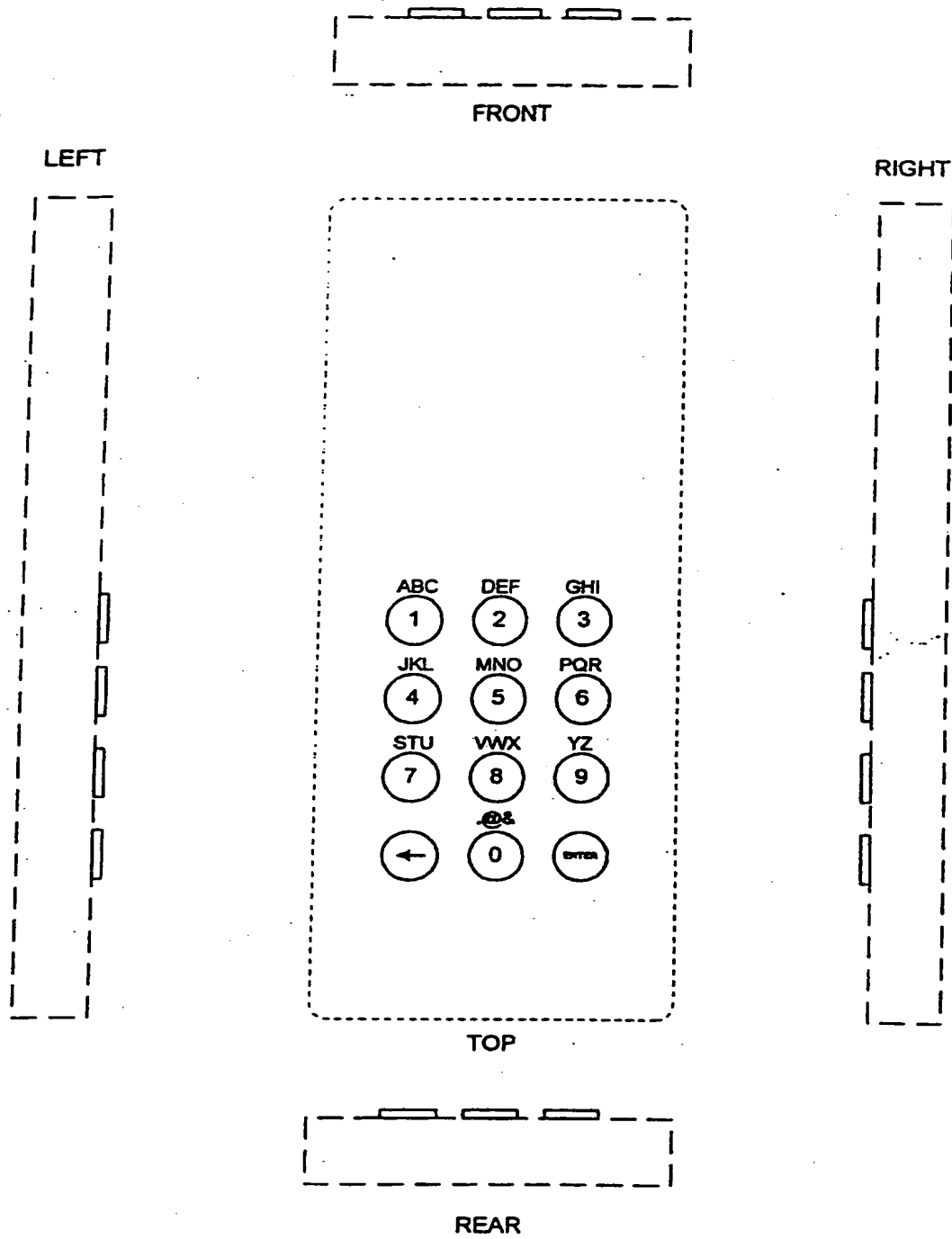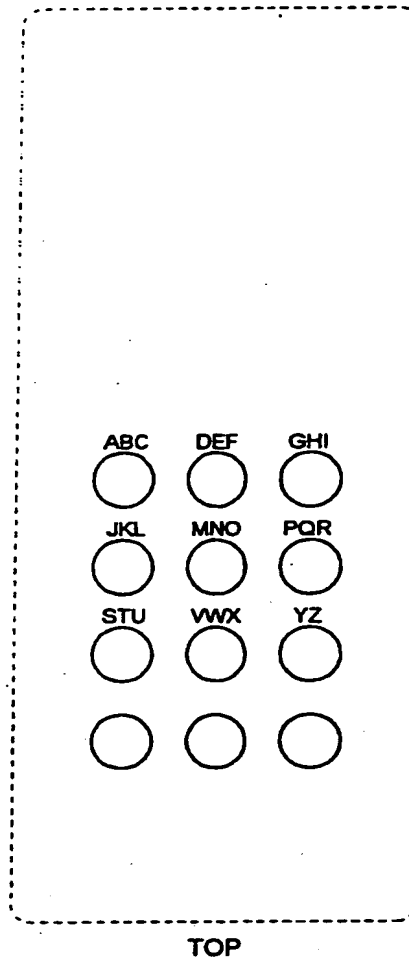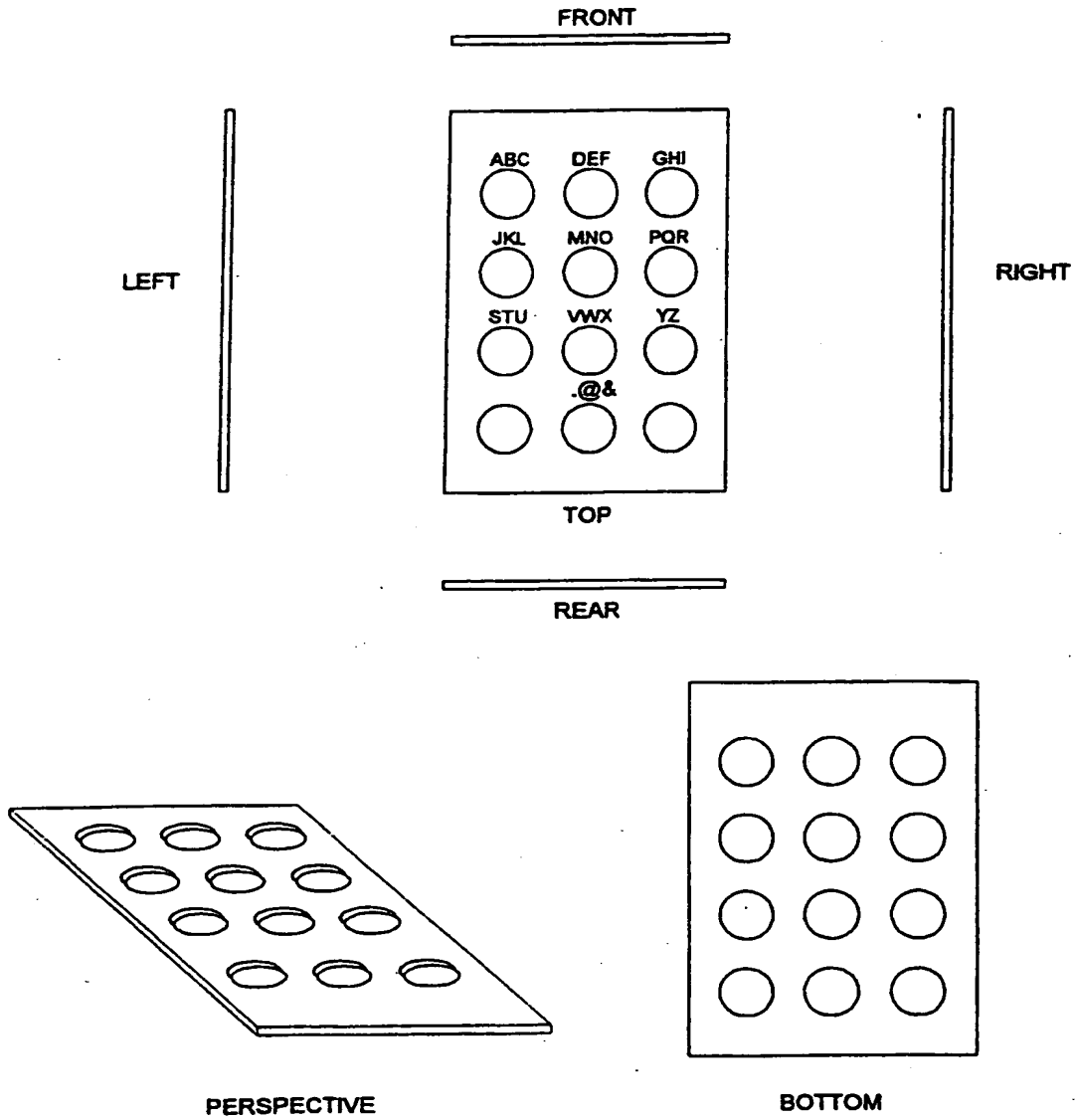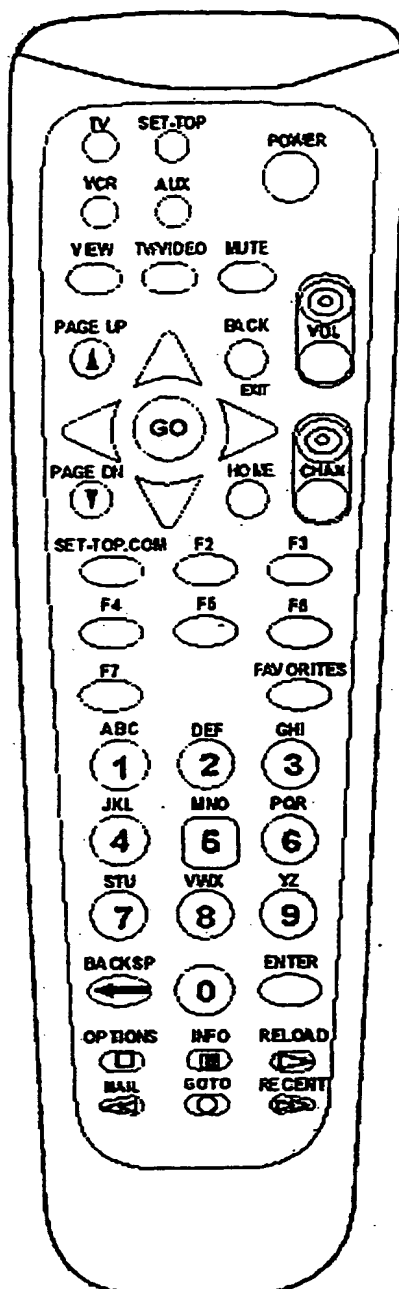
HyperCode
URL
Database
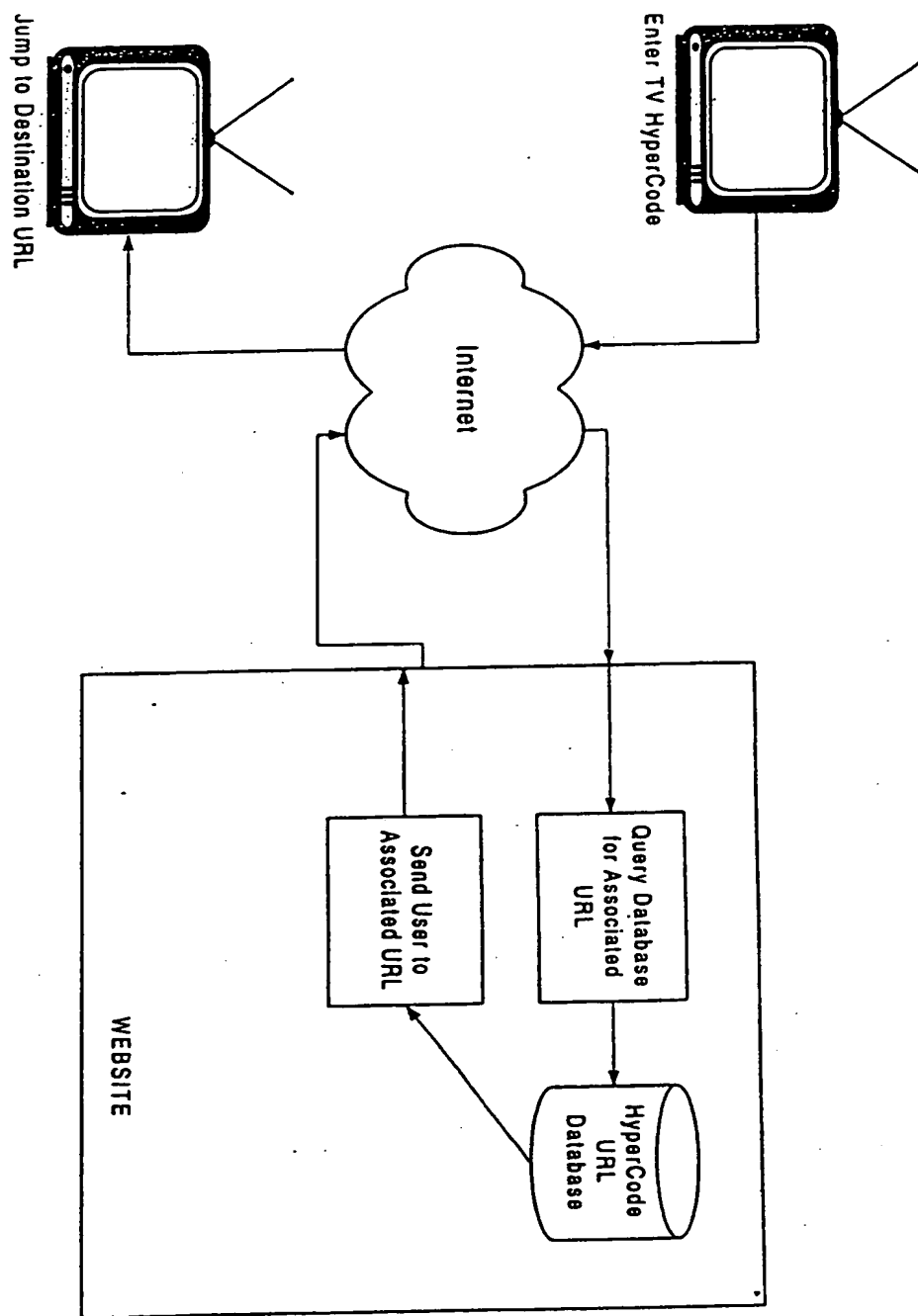
FIG. 4

FIG. 5
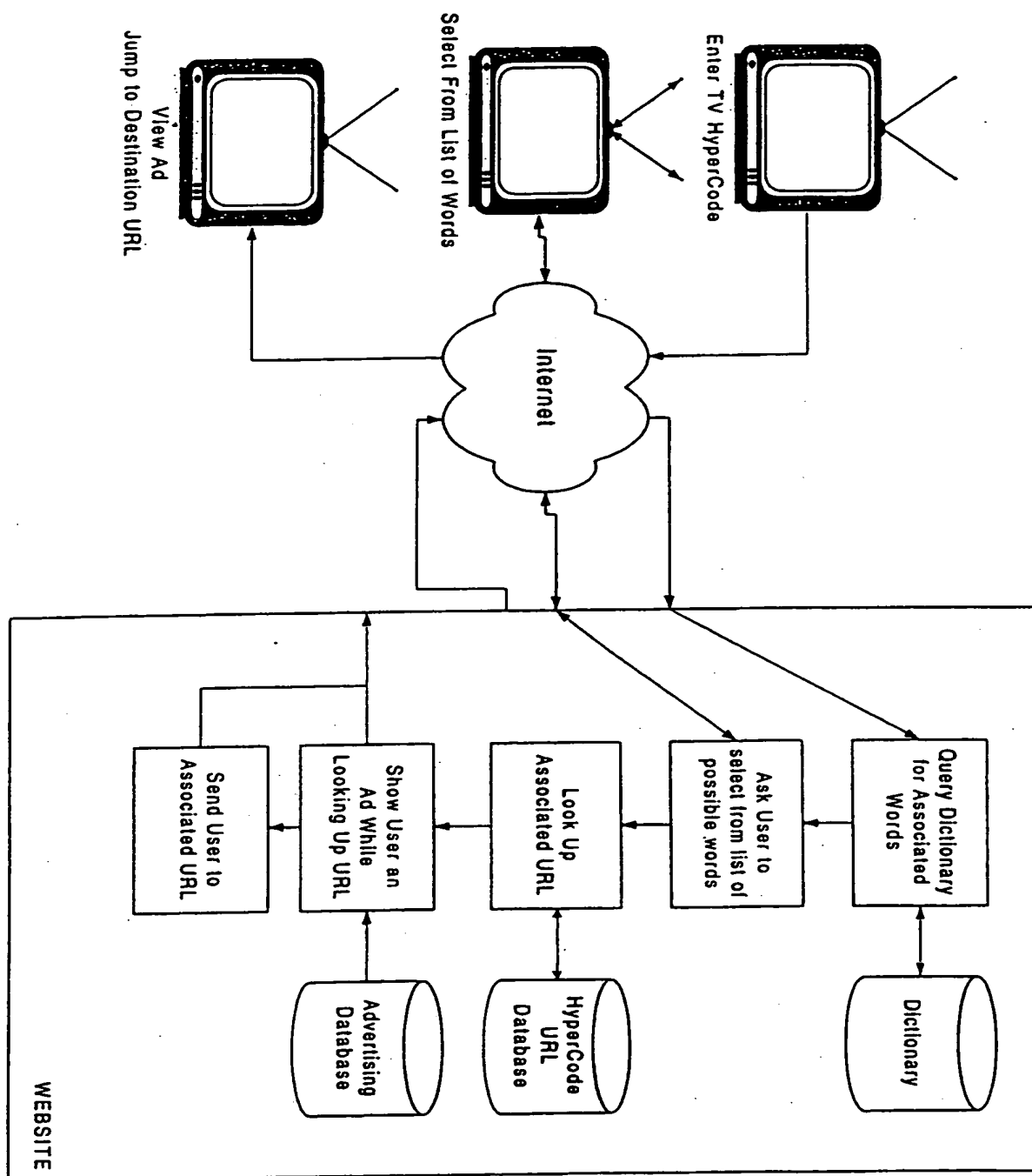
FIG. 6

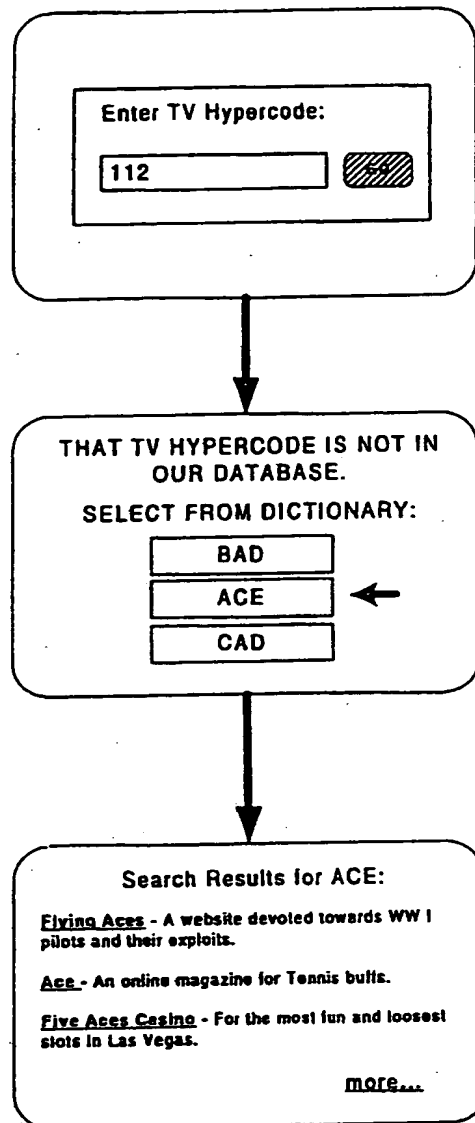EXAMPLE OF ACCESSING AN INTERNET WEBSITE
USING A TV HYPERCODE

Enter TV HyperCode:

15547

LOOKING UP BOOKS...

*GO TO SET-TOP.COM, THE BEST
WEBSITE FOR INTERNET TV!!!*
Advertisement

WELCOME to the BOOKS-R-US
Website !!!

Fiction	Magazines
Non-Fiction	Coffee Mugs
Reference	Postcards

11 / 18
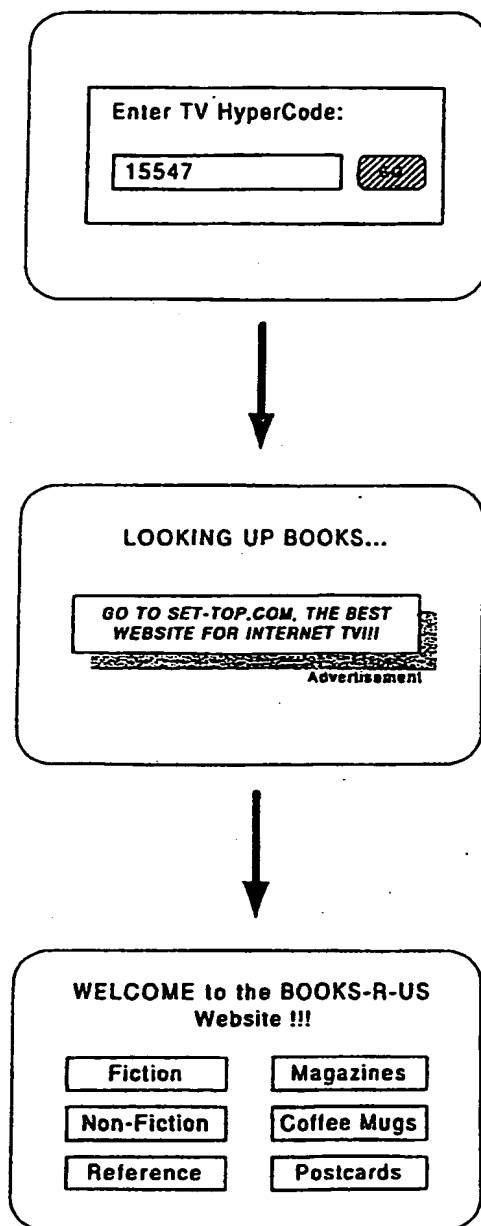
FIG. 7

USER INTERFACE FOR TV HYPERCODES NOT FOUND IN THE WORD DATABASE

Enter TV Hypercode:

112

THAT TV HYPERCODE IS NOT IN
OUR DATABASE.

SELECT FROM DICTIONARY:

| BAD |
| ACE | ←
| CAD |

Search Results for ACE:

Flying Aces - A website devoted towards WW I
pilots and their exploits.

Ace - An online magazine for Tennis buffs.

Five Aces Casino - For the most fun and loosest
slots in Las Vegas.

more...

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FIG. 8

**METHOD FOR HANDLING MULTIPLE WORDS
ASSOCIATED WITH THE SAME TV HYPERCODE**

Enter TV Hypercode:

15547

THERE ARE 2 WORDS ASSOCIATED
WITH THAT TV HYPERCODE

SELECT ONE:

BOOKS ←

COOKS

LOOKING UP BOOKS...

*GO TO SET-TOP.COM, THE BEST
WEBSITE FOR INTERNET TV!!!*

Advertisement

WELCOME to the BOOKS-R-US
Website !!!

Fiction	Magazines
Non-Fiction	Coffee Mugs
Reference	Postcards
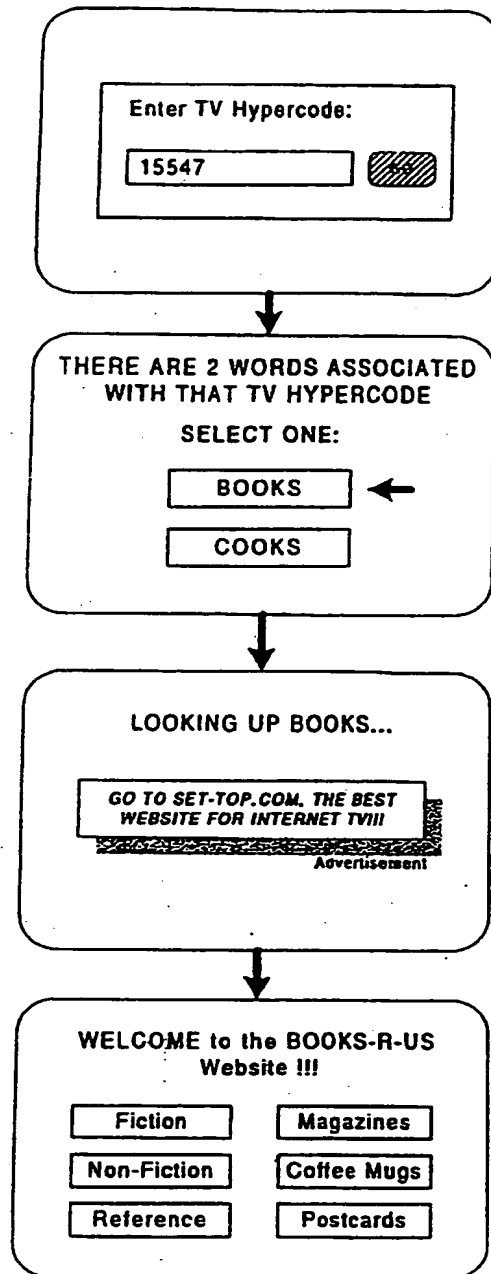
FIG. 9
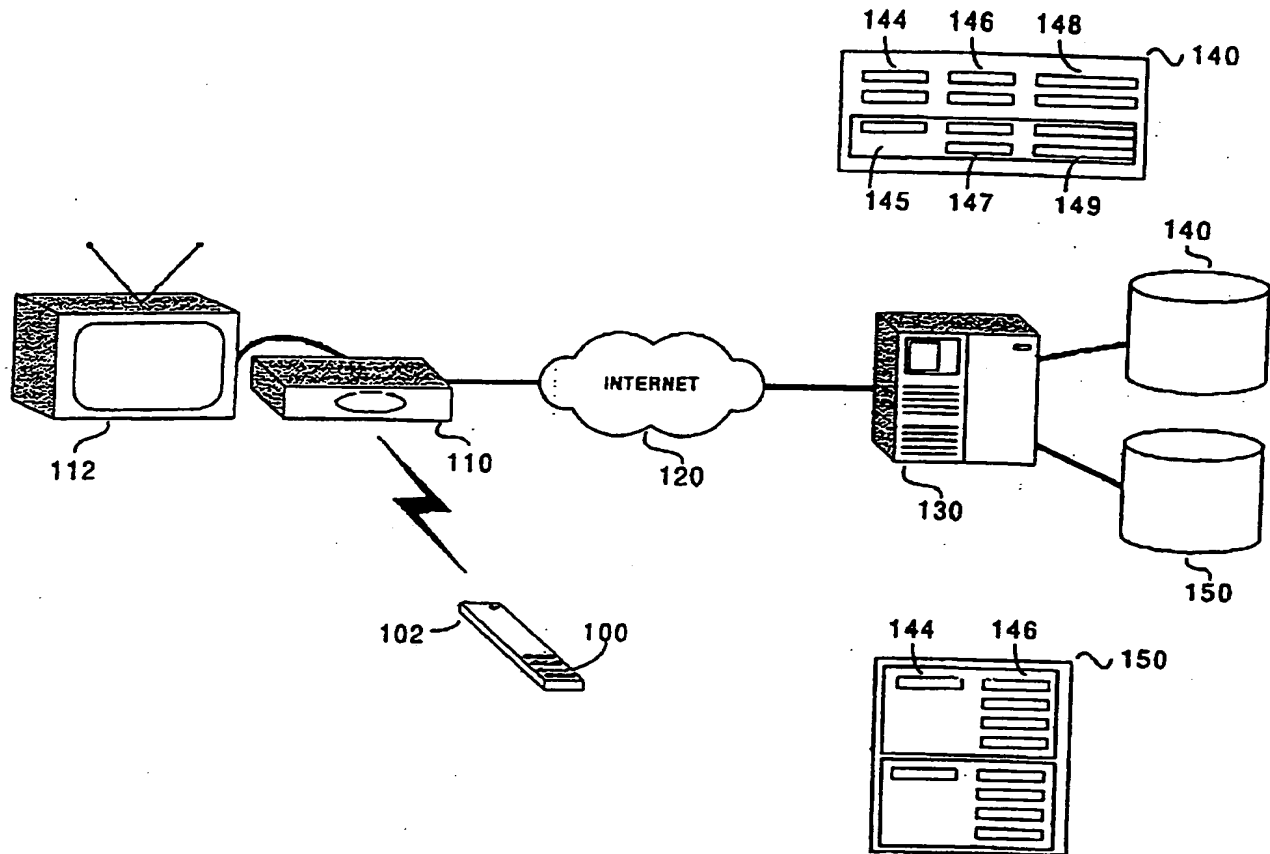
Method for interacting with the Internet using a numeric keypad
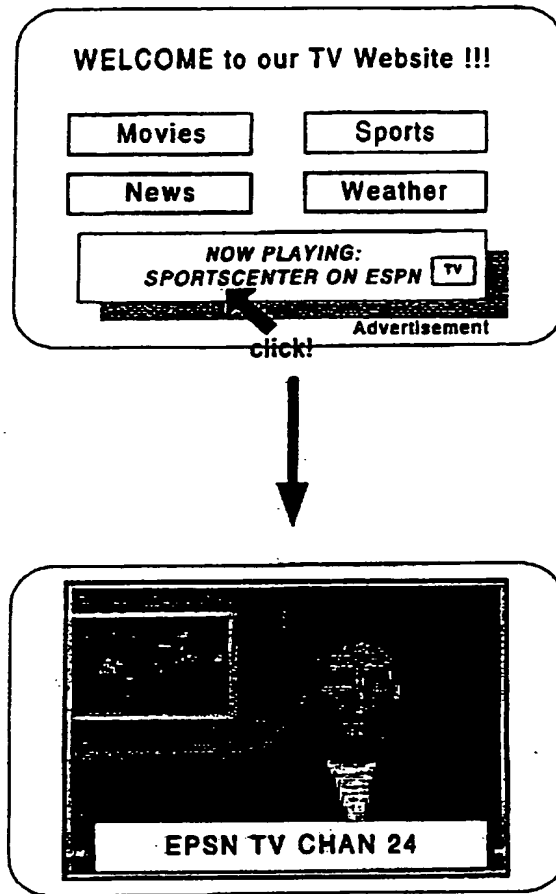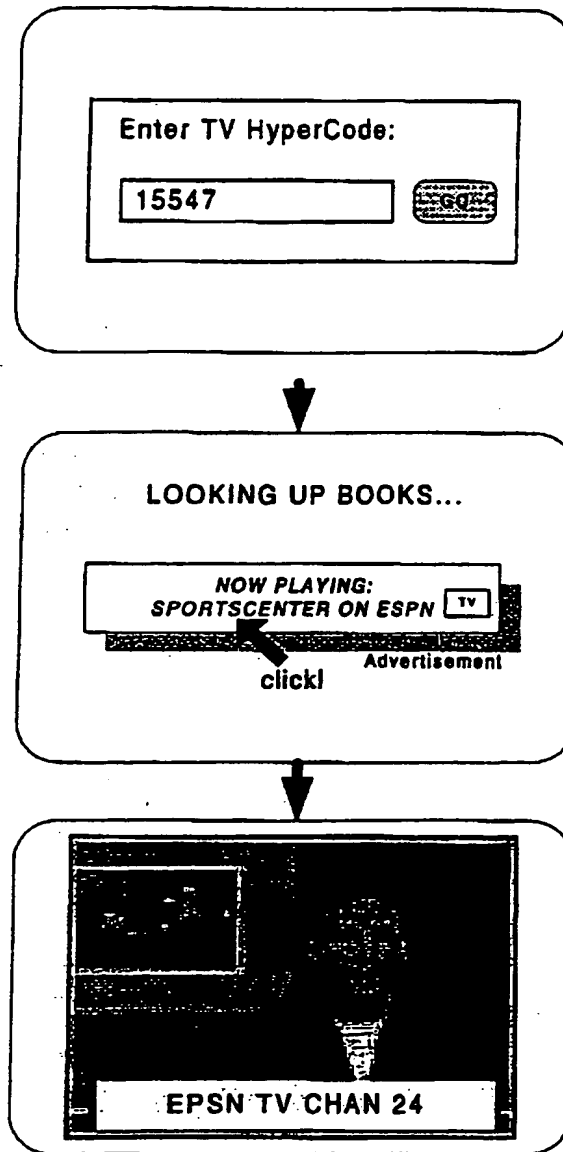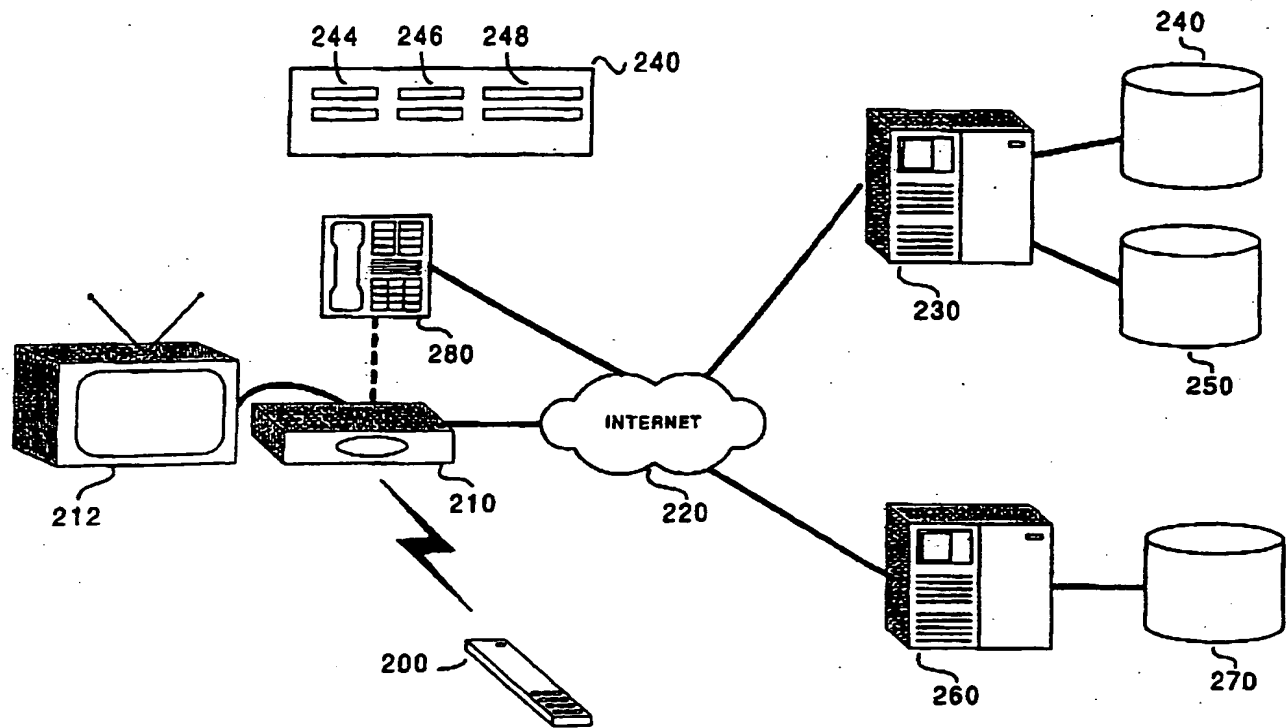
FIG. 10A

FIG. 10B

FIG. 10C

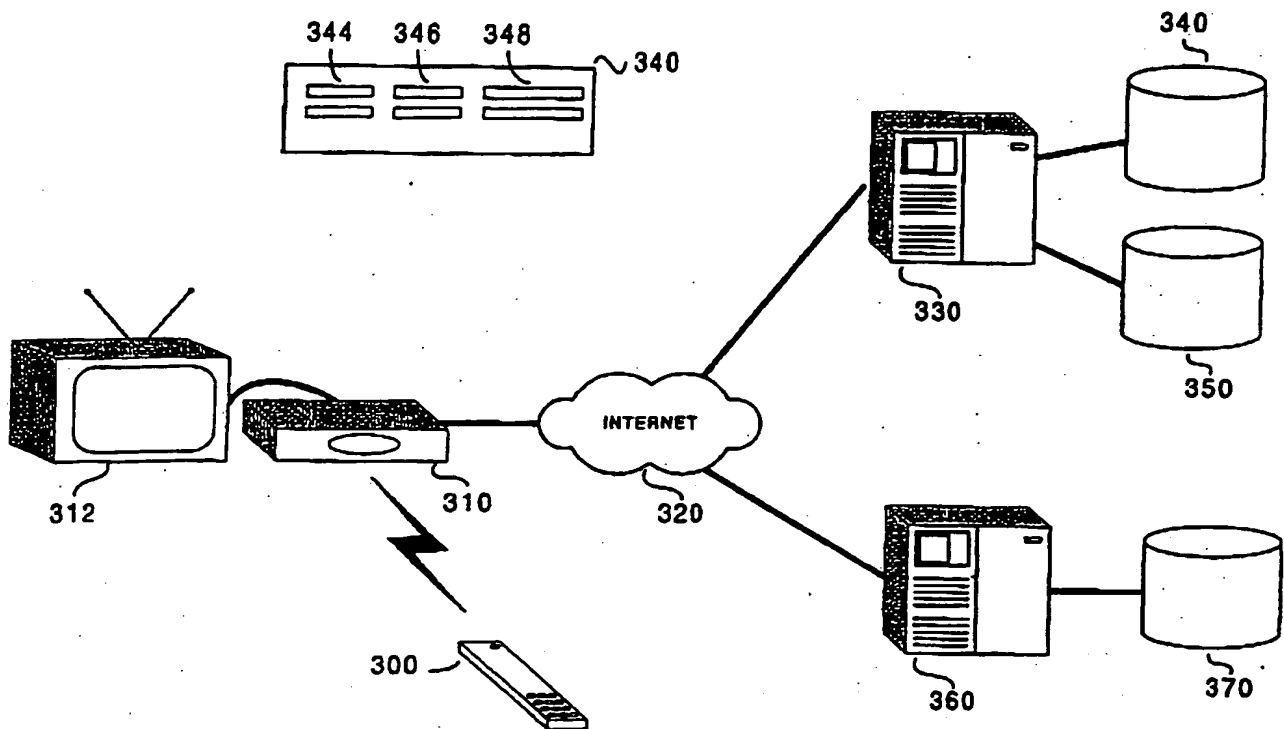## FIG. 10D

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US00/40353

A.   CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(7)   :HO4N 5/445; G06F 3/00, 13/00
US CL   :725/40, 42, 51, 53, 52, 110, 111; 345/327; 709/217, 219

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B.   FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 725/40, 42, 51, 53, 52, 110, 111; 345/327; 709/217, 219

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

NONE

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

EAST - Word code, database, TV, URL, internet, webtv

C.   DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5,572,643 A (JUDSON) 05 November 1996, col. 1, lines 59-67, col. 2, lines 1-67, col. 3, lines 44-67, col. 4 lines 1-67, col. 5, lines 1-67, fig. 4, fig. 5, fig. 8	1-33
A,P	US 5,850,218 A (LAJOIE et al) 15 December 1998	1-33

☐ Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. ☐ See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
11 OCTOBER 2000	**1 4 NOV 2000**
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231	Authorized officer VIVEK SRIVASTAVA
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Telephone No. (703) 305 - 4038

Form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet) (July 1998)*